TABLE 1. Number, incidence rate¹, and median days² away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work³ for musculoskeletal disorders⁴ by nature of injury or illness and ownership, Minnesota, 2013

Nature	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total private industry ^{5,6,7}	6,950	38.1	7
Traumatic injuries and disorders	6,500	35.6	7
Traumatic injuries to bones, nerves, spinal cord	30	.2	42
Traumatic injuries to nerves, except the spinal cord	30	.2	42
Pinched nerve	30	.2	42
Traumatic injuries to muscles, tendons, ligaments, joints, etc	4,590	25.1	7
Dislocations	40	.2	59
Herniated discs	40	.2	59
Cartilage fractures and tears	30	.2	31
Meniscus tears	30	.2	31
Sprains, strains, tears	4,230	23.2	6
Sprains, strains, tears, unspecified	630	3.4	8
Major tears to muscles, tendons, ligaments	260	1.4	32
Sprains	430	2.4	6
Strains	2,910	15.9	5
Hernias due to traumatic incidents	280	1.5	22
Other traumatic injuries and disorders	1,880	10.3	7
Nonspecified injuries and disorders	1,880	10.3	7
Soreness, pain, hurt—nonspecified injury	1,810	9.9	7
Swelling, inflammation, irritation—nonspecified injury	60	.3	27
Diseases and disorders of body systems	460	2.5	7
Nervous system and sense organs diseases	210	1.1	15
Disorders of the peripheral nervous system	210	1.1	15
Carpal tunnel syndrome	210	1.1	15
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders	250	1.4	3
Soft tissue disorders, except the back	240	1.3	3
Bursitis	20	.1	1
Epicondylitis	150	.8	3
Other or unspecified tendonitis (tendinitis)	50	.3	6
Total state government ^{5,6,7}	190	28.0	7
Traumatic injuries and disorders	180	27.0	7
Traumatic injuries to muscles, tendons, ligaments, joints, etc	130	19.1	7
Sprains, strains, tears	130	19.1	7
Strains	120	18.3	7
Other traumatic injuries and disorders	50	7.9	11
Nonspecified injuries and disorders	50	7.9	11
Soreness, pain, hurt—nonspecified injury	50	6.8	11
Total local government ^{5,6,7}	810	49.2	4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 1. Number, incidence rate¹, and median days² away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work³ for musculoskeletal disorders⁴ by nature of injury or illness and ownership, Minnesota, 2013 — Continued

Nature	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Traumatic injuries and disorders	790	47.7	4
Traumatic injuries to muscles, tendons, ligaments, joints, etc.	580	35.0	4
Cartilage fractures and tears	30	1.8	9
Meniscus tears		1.8	9
Sprains, strains, tears	540	32.8	4
Sprains, strains, tears, unspecified	40	2.4	22
Major tears to muscles, tendons, ligaments	30	1.9	40
Sprains	130	7.8	4
Strains	340	20.6	2
Other traumatic injuries and disorders	210	12.5	6
Nonspecified injuries and disorders	210	12.5	6
Soreness, pain, hurt—nonspecified injury	200	12.0	4
Diseases and disorders of body systems	20	1.5	5
Nervous system and sense organs diseases		1.0	10
Disorders of the peripheral nervous system	20	1.0	10
Carpal tunnel syndrome	20	1.0	10

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees
during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

3 Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

⁴ Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs) include cases where the nature of the injury or illness is pinched nerve; herniated disc; meniscus tear; sprains, strains, tears; hernia (traumatic and nontraumatic); pain, swelling, and numbness; carpal or tarsal tunnel syndrome; Raynaud's syndrome or phenomenon; musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is overexertion and bodily reaction, unspecified; overexertion involving outside sources; repetitive motion involving microtasks; other and multiple exertions or bodily reactions; and rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration.

⁶ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.